



**PRICE-BASED OR TRADING-
BASED PROMOTION FOR
RENEWABLES IN EMERGING &
DEVELOPING COUNTRIES?**

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Salzburg, 31st AUGUST 2009

- 1. Introduction**
- 2. Different cases and promotion schemes**
- 3. When are FIT proper?**
- 4. Prospects for trading systems?**
- 5. RES promotion in develop. countries**
- 6. Conclusions**

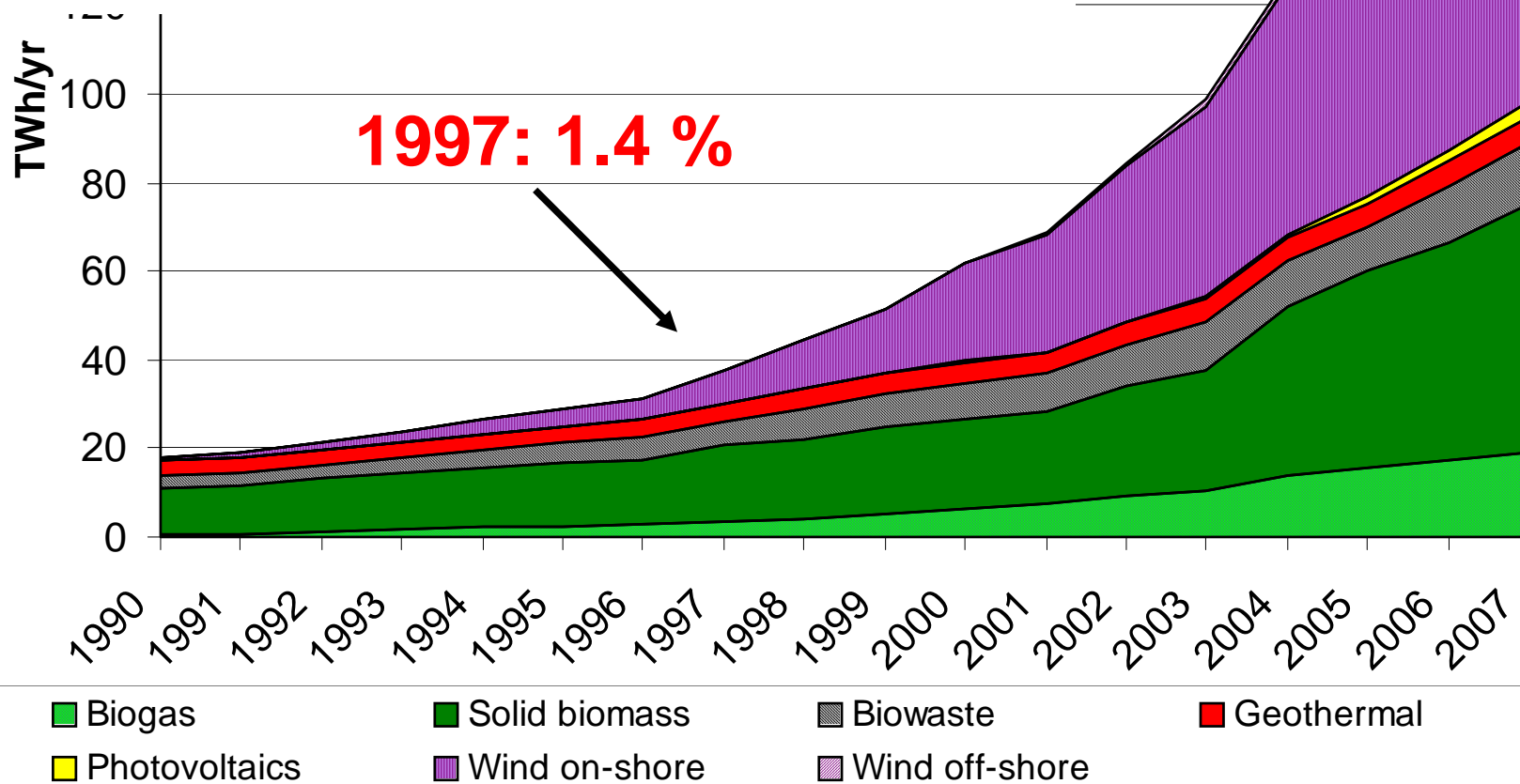
1 INTRODUCTION: MOTIVATION

- **Why promoting RES ?**
- **Promoting RES in Europe in recent years was rather successful; ?**
- **From promoting RES in the EU:
Recommendations for other countries**

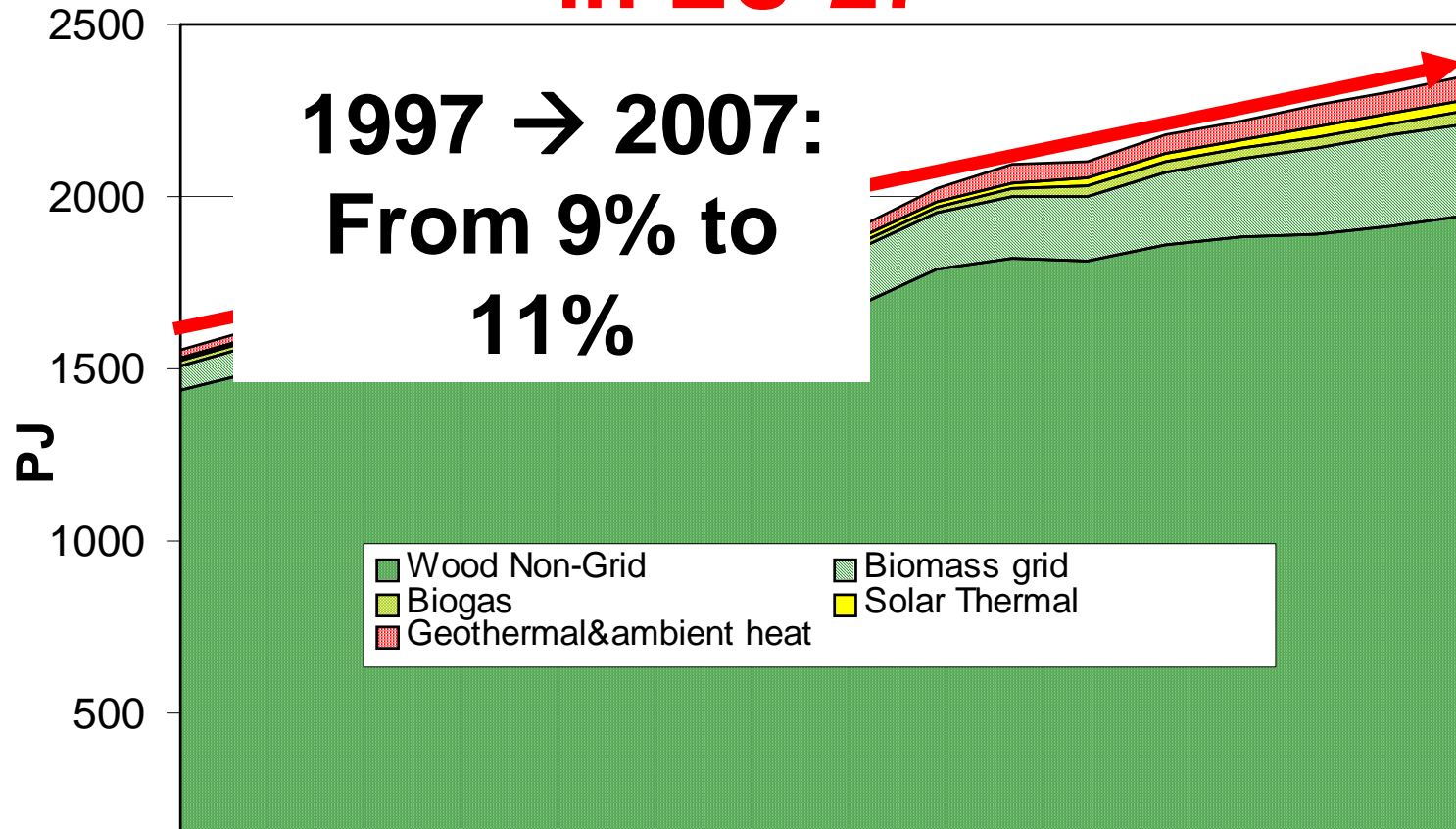
RENEWABLES – WHY (NOT)?

- Is it justified (today) to promote energy use from renewables?
- Expected benefits for society:
environment, supply security
- Historically: Most energy technologies for electricity generation subsidized in some way (Coal, nuclear, hydro...)
- In the long term: subsidizing consumption of any energy carrier will **not** lead to **sustainability** → taxation of externalities!

ELECTRICITY GENERATION FROM „NEW“ RENEWABLES IN EUROPE

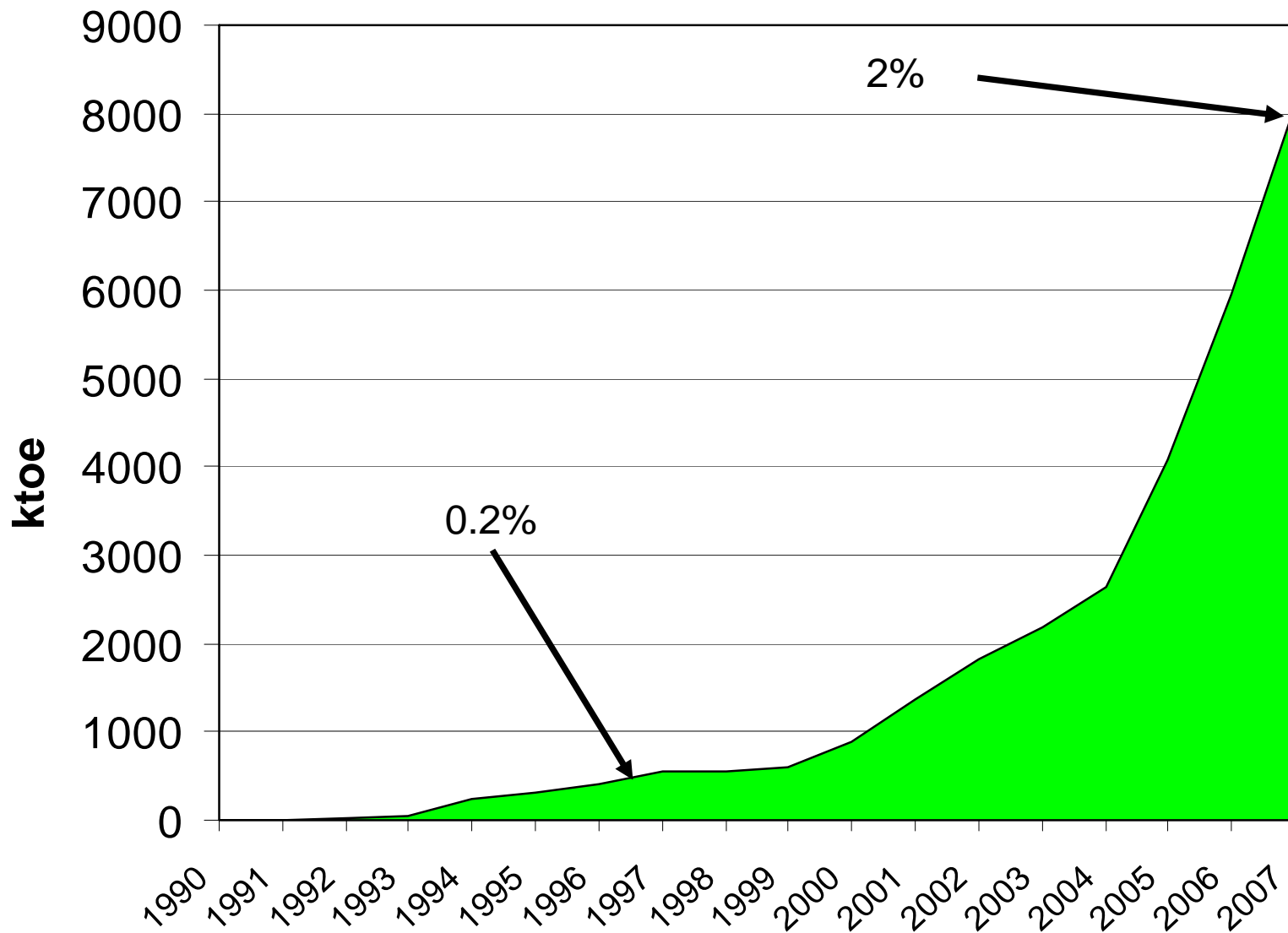


Heat from renewables in EU-27



Main support instruments: Subsidies and income tax incentives for biomass boilers and solar thermal collectors

Total biofuels in EU-27



REMARK ON RES – DEPLOYMENT IN THE EU-COUNTRIES

- **Since about 1997 triggered by EU-directives and EU initiatives**
- **Yet, specific country success stories very strongly related to national policies design!**
- **Moreover, current harmonisation efforts not necessarily towards most effective and efficient policies!**

WHAT IS THE TARGET?

**INCREASE the share
of RES...**

in a sustainable manner...

Especially in developing countries it is important to promote the deployment of renewable energy (regardless whether it is for heating, electricity generation or transport fuels)

in a way that creates a sustainable economy!

Correct design of policies and Financing:

- with respect to:
 - renewable targets
 - Financial incentives
- Credibility for investors
 - Transfer costs!

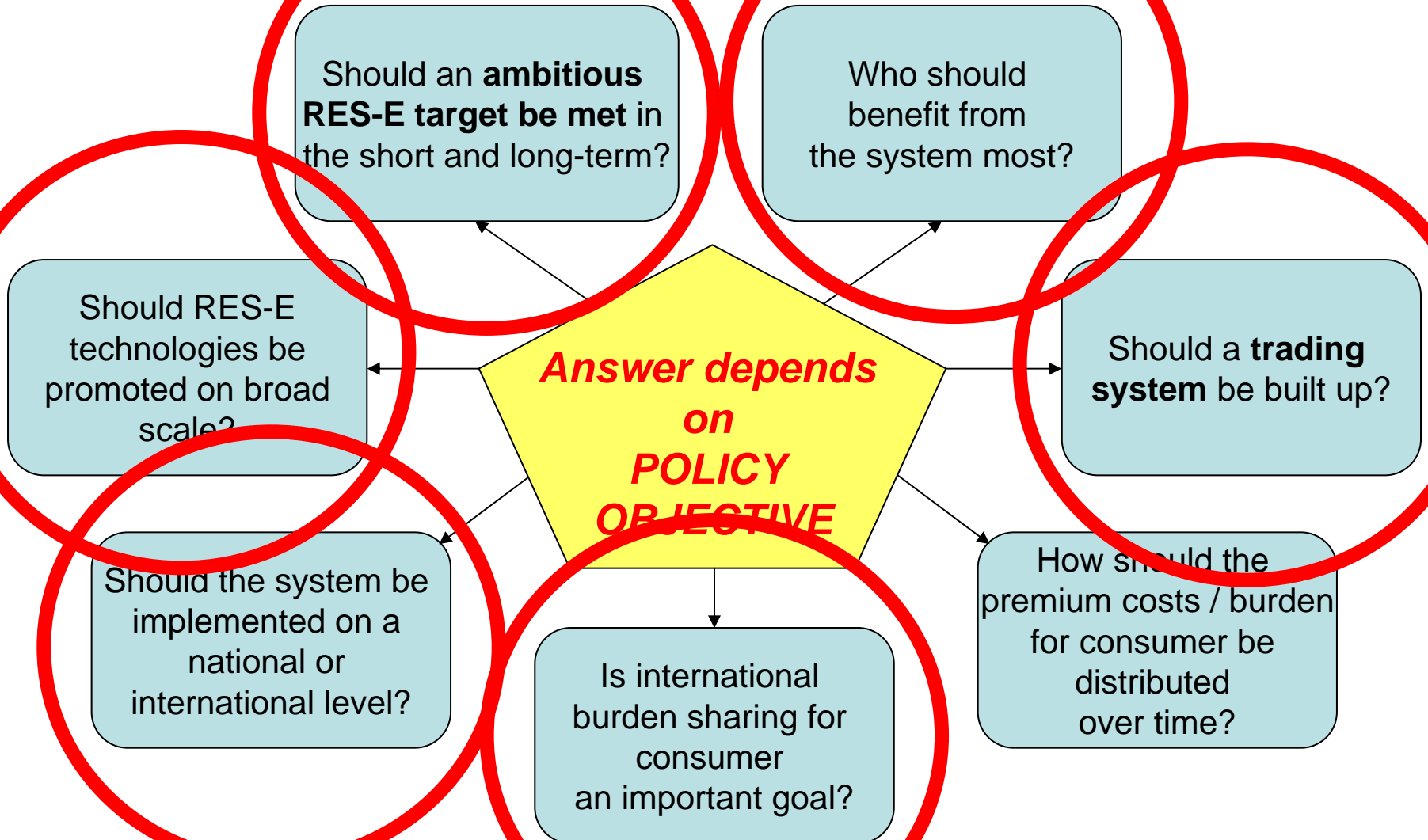
and policy strategies

		REGULATORY	VOLUNTARY
Capacity-driven strategies	Generation-based	(GO-Trade)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> National generation targets
	Investment focused	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bidding/Tendering 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> National installation or capacity targets
Price-driven strategies	Generation-based	FITs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Feed-in tariffs Net metering 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Green Power Marketing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Green tariffs Solar stock exchange
	Investment focused	INVEST	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contracting Shareholder progr. Contribution Bidding
Other		-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NGO-marketing Selling green buildings

FINANCING

What is the problem?

Which instrument fits best?



POSSIBLE LOCAL VS “GLOBAL” BENEFITS

FROM PROMOTING RES

LOCAL

**INDUST.
COUNTRIES**

HEAT

+++

ELECTRICITY

Central

(+) Royalty?

+++

De-central

+++

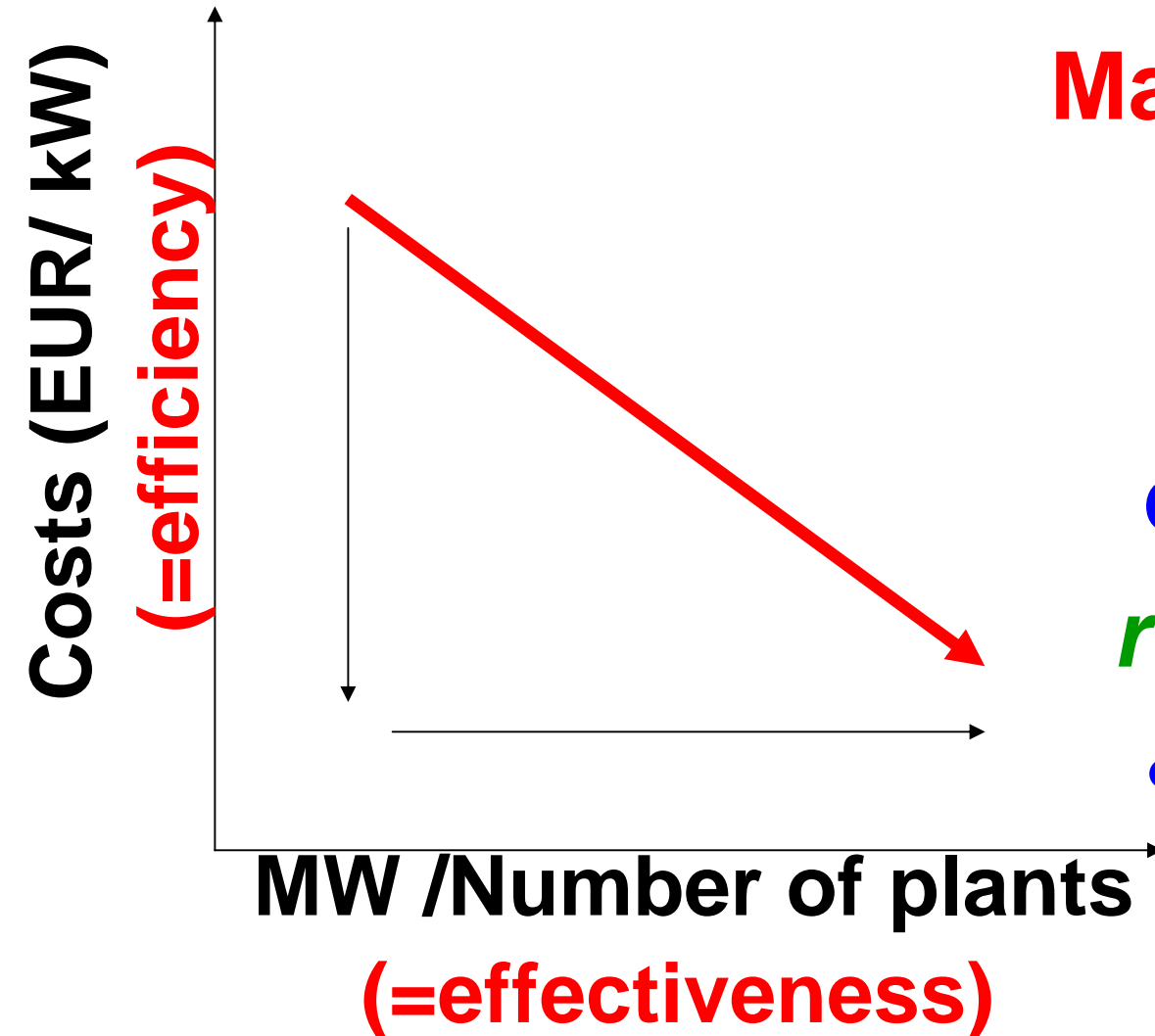
BIOFUELS

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Correct design of policies and Financing schemes

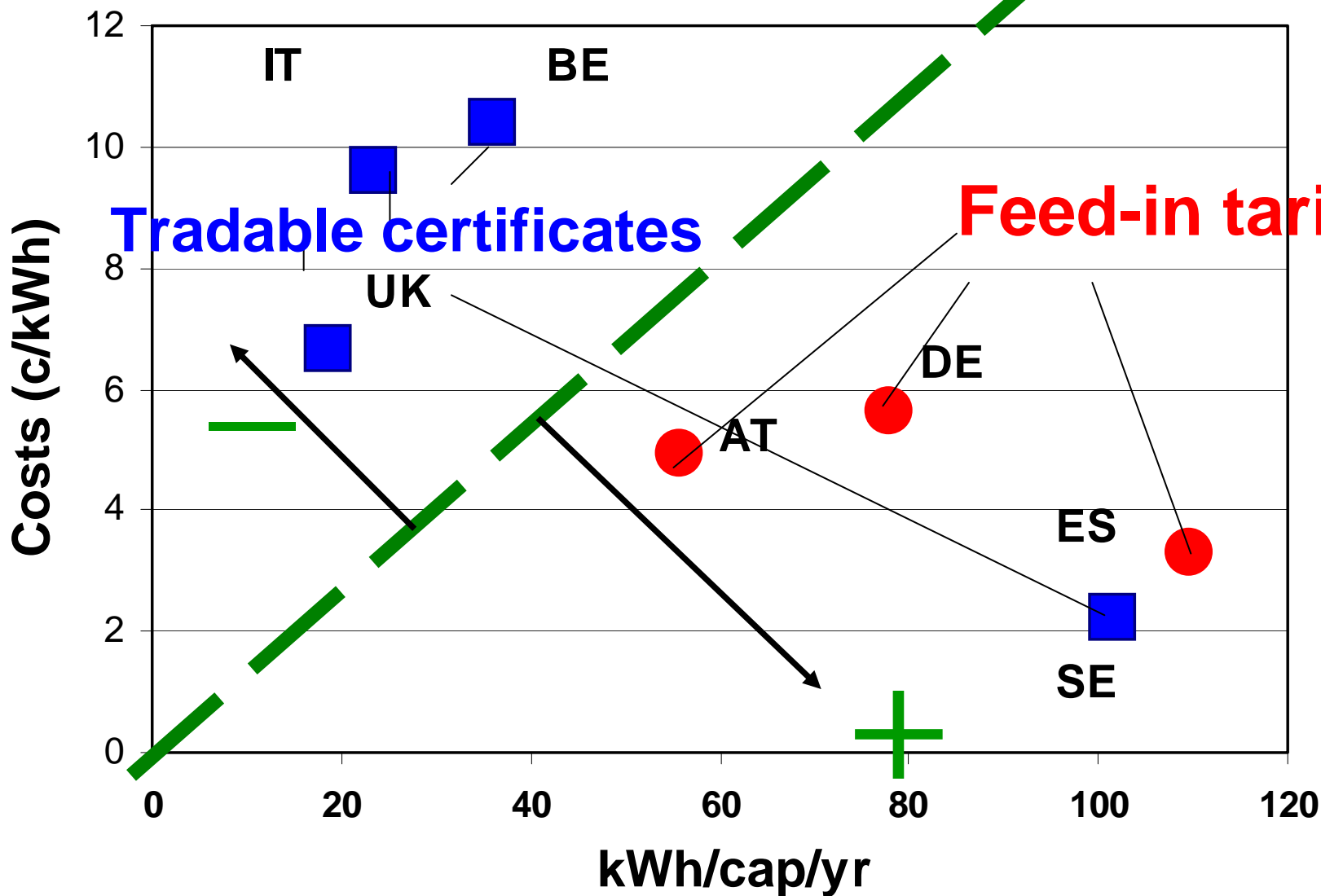
- with respect to:
 - which targets to be reached when and where?
 - Financial incentives
 - Credibility for investors



Major objectives:

- increase the amount of electricity from *renewables* and
- reduce costs!

Effectiveness vs Costs



Tradable certificates

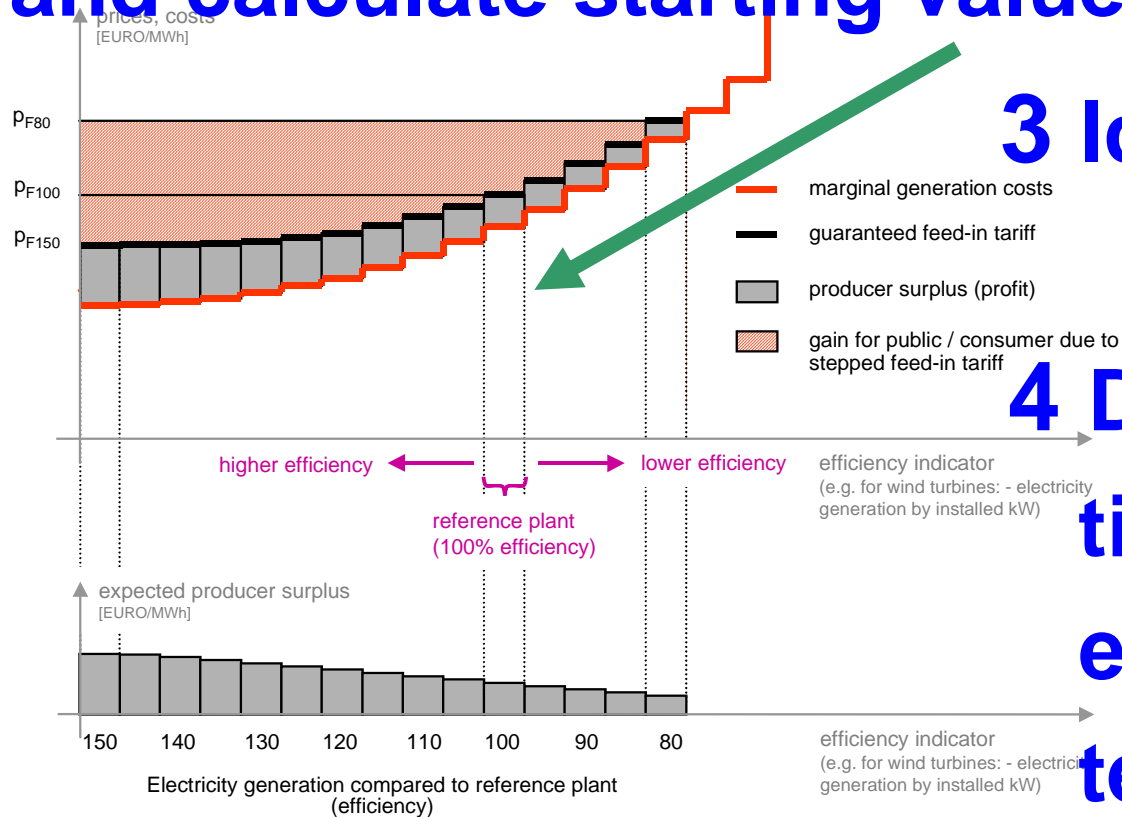
Feed-in tariffs

However: for developing countries we cannot restrict the discussion on price-based vs trading-based systems!

3. WHERE ARE FIT'S A PROPER STRATEGY?

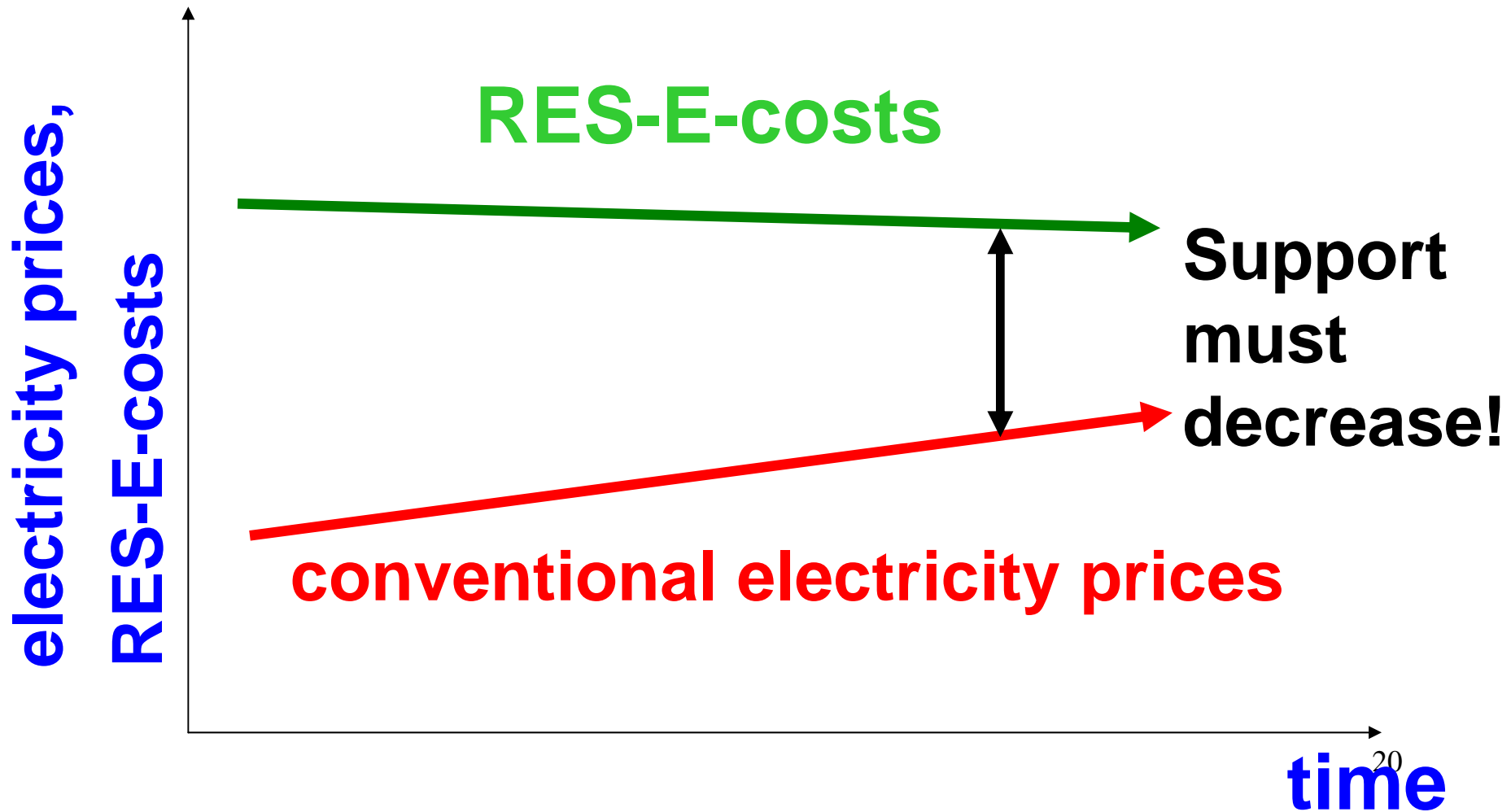
1 FIT today are a mature promotion scheme

2 Use of a technology-specific stepped FIT and calculate starting values carefully



3 Identify ecological bonus

4 Decrease over time, link to conv. electr. prices & technol. progress



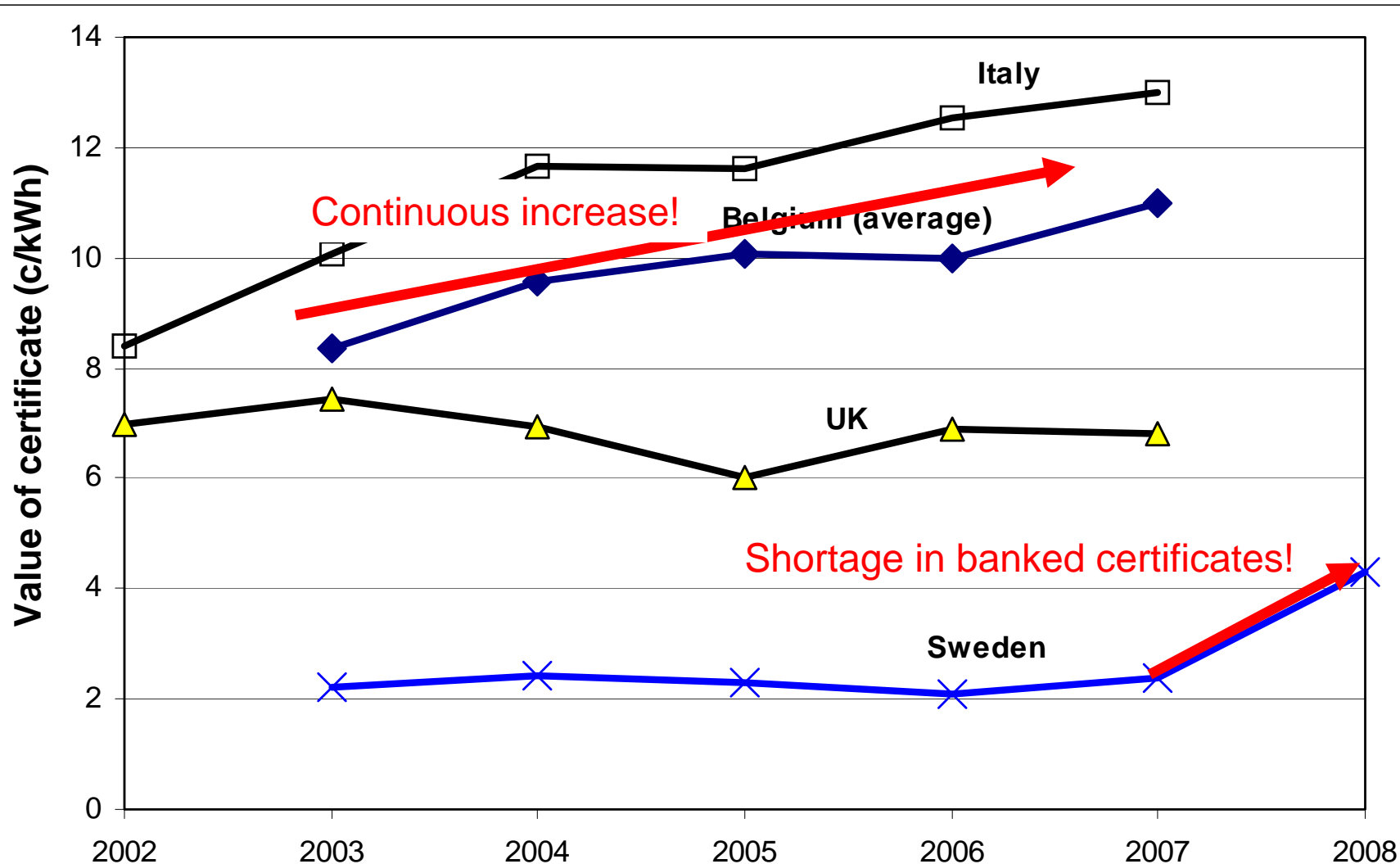
However: for developing countries we cannot restrict the discussion on price-based vs trading-based systems!

4. WHAT ARE THE PROSPECTS FOR A

WORLD-WIDE TRADING SYSTEM (IN ADDITION TO THE C D M) ?

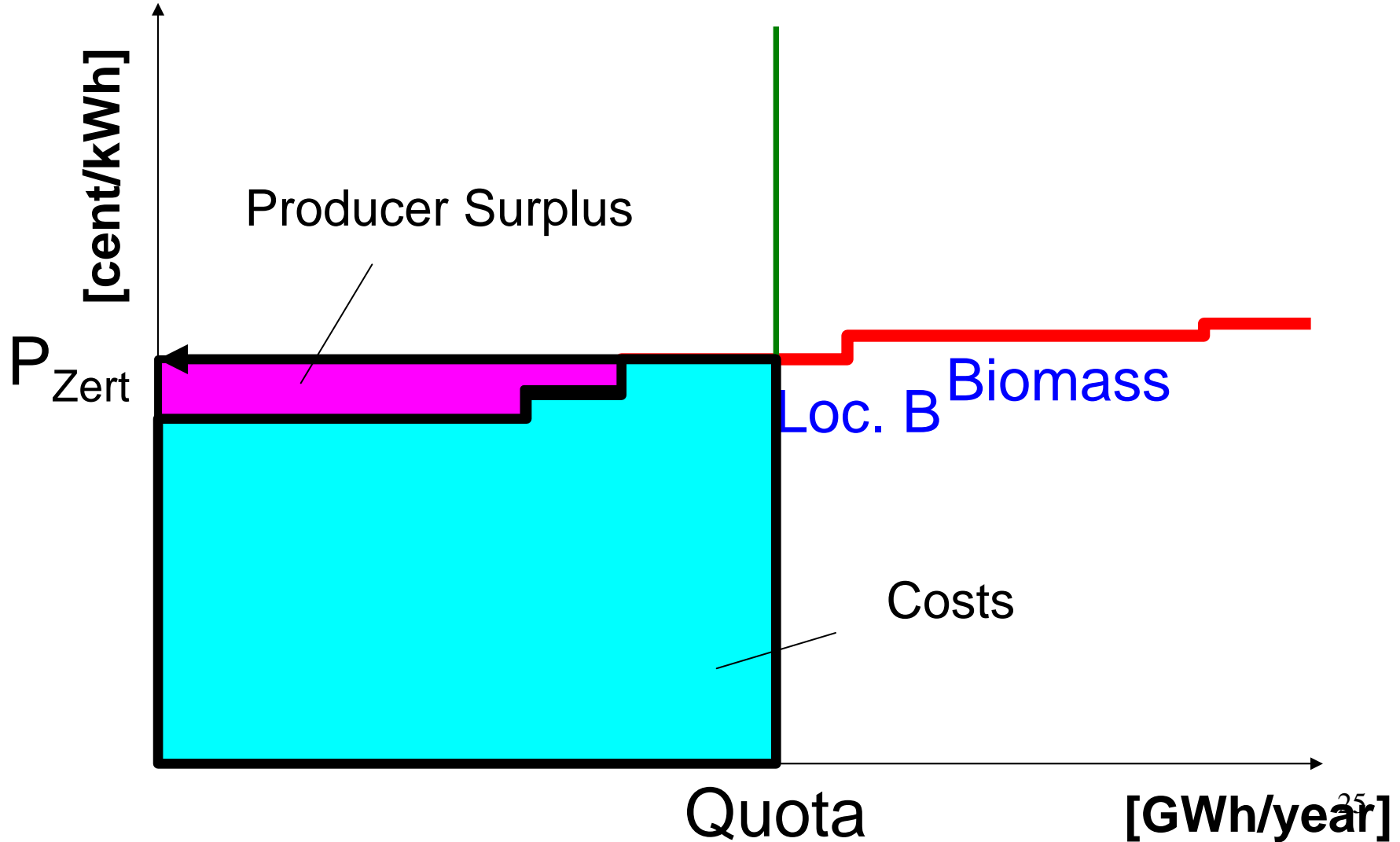
**Basic idea: If investments in RES
somewhere world-wide qualify for a
quota e.g. in the EU this could be the
cheapest way to increase the share of
RES and to reduce CO₂-emissions
world-wide**

PRICES OF CERTIFICATES

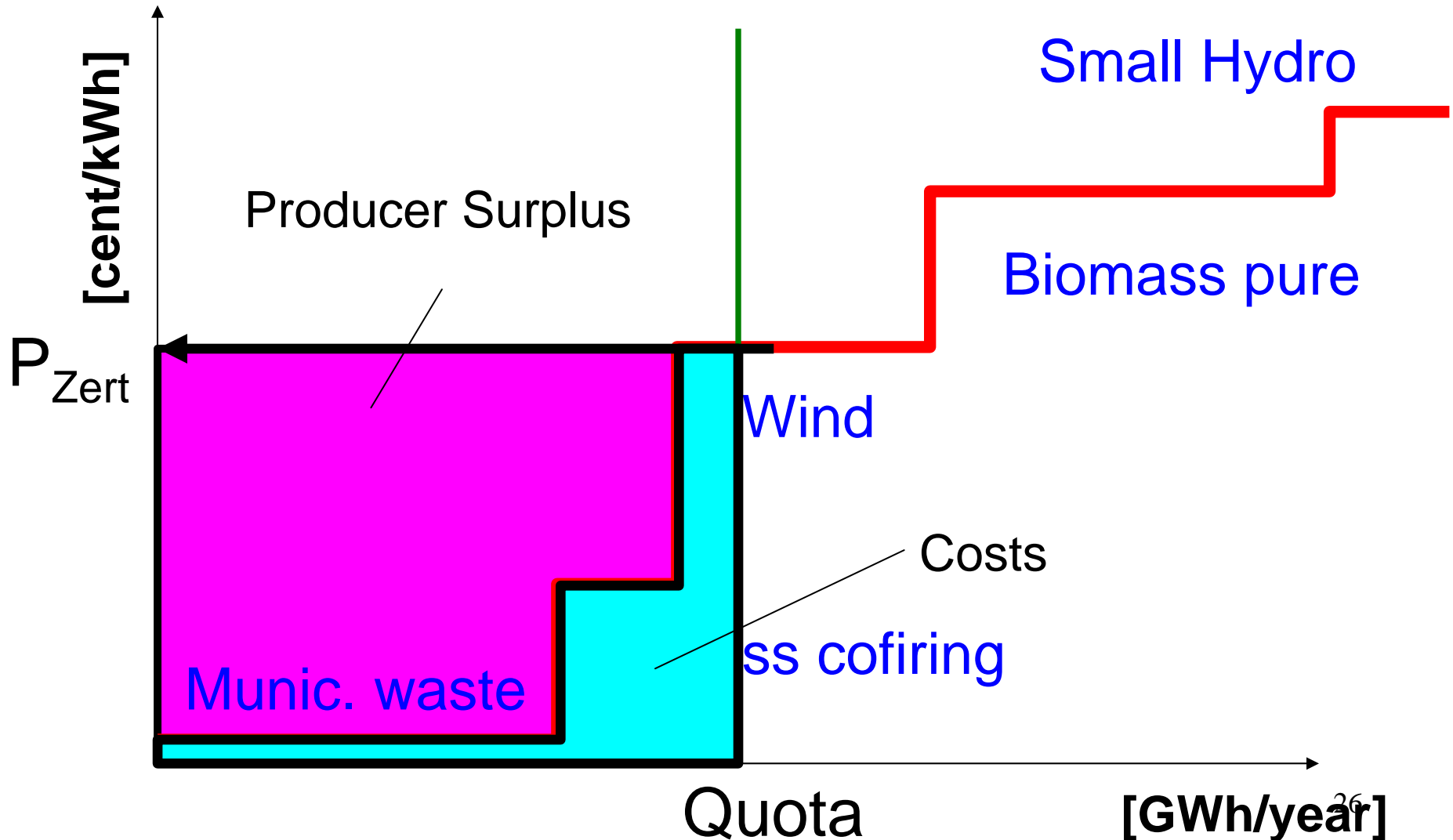


*) Figures for 2007 and 2008 preliminary!

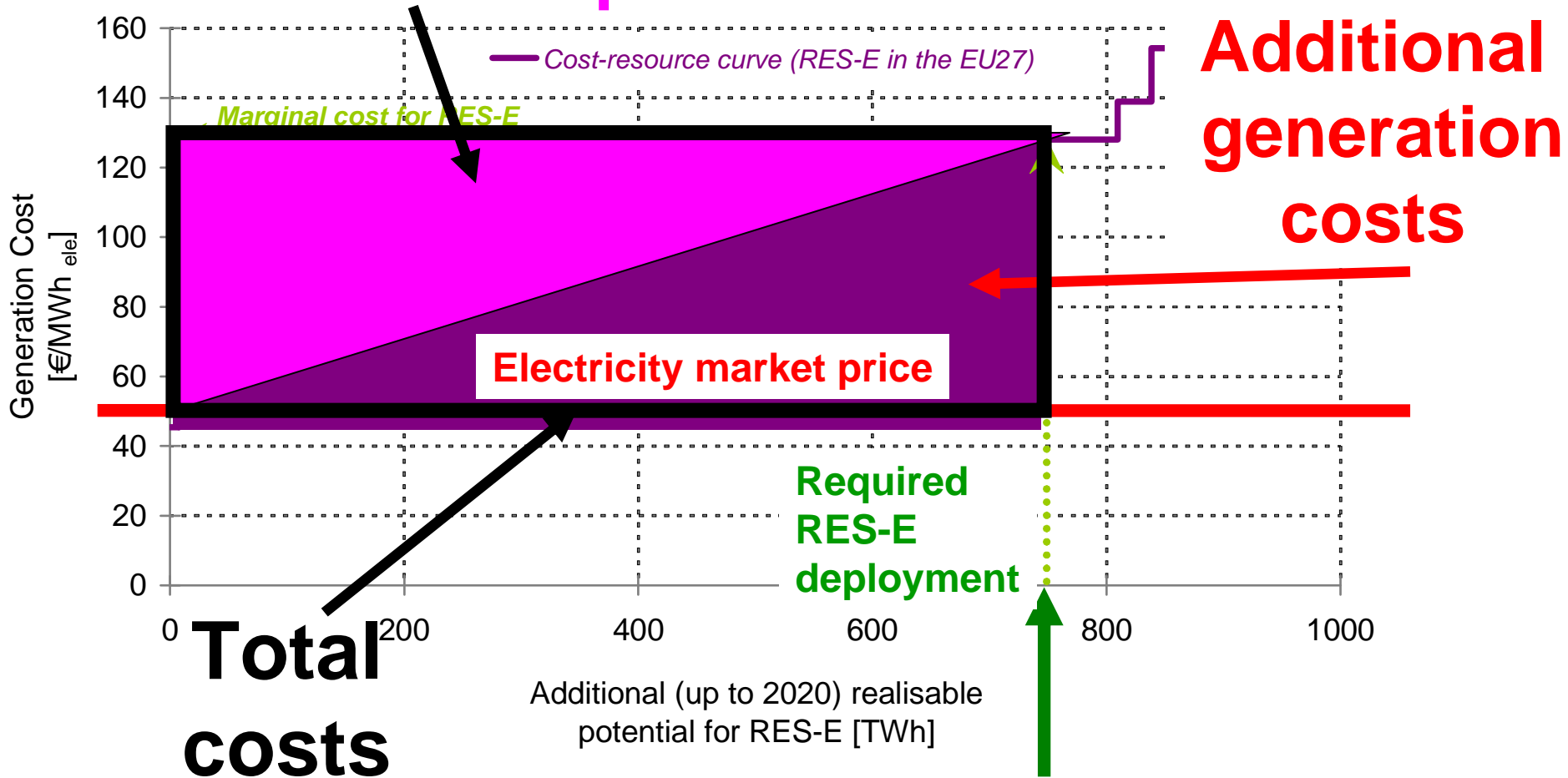
IMPACT OF THE SHAPE OF THE COST CURVE



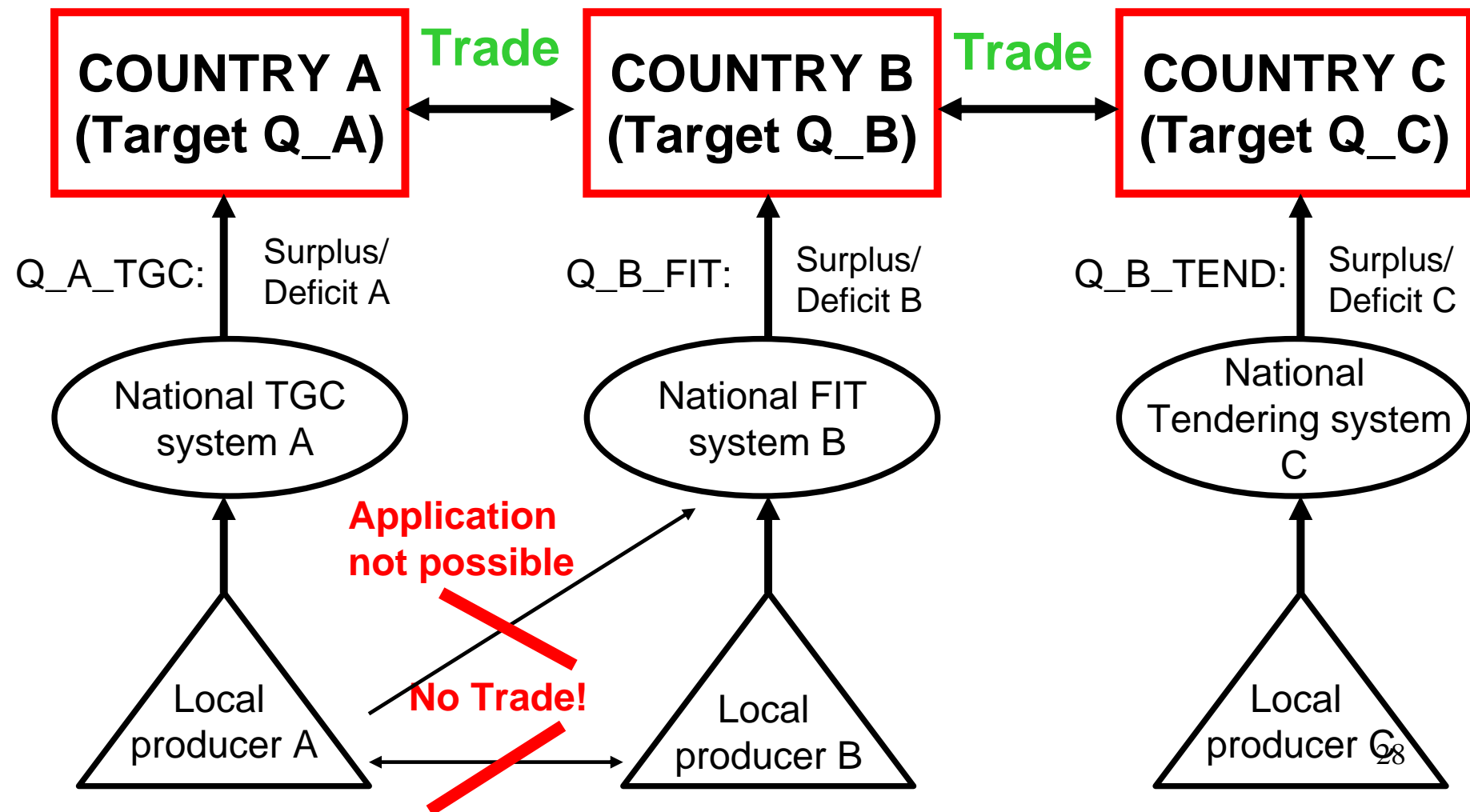
IMPACT OF THE SHAPE OF THE COST CURVE



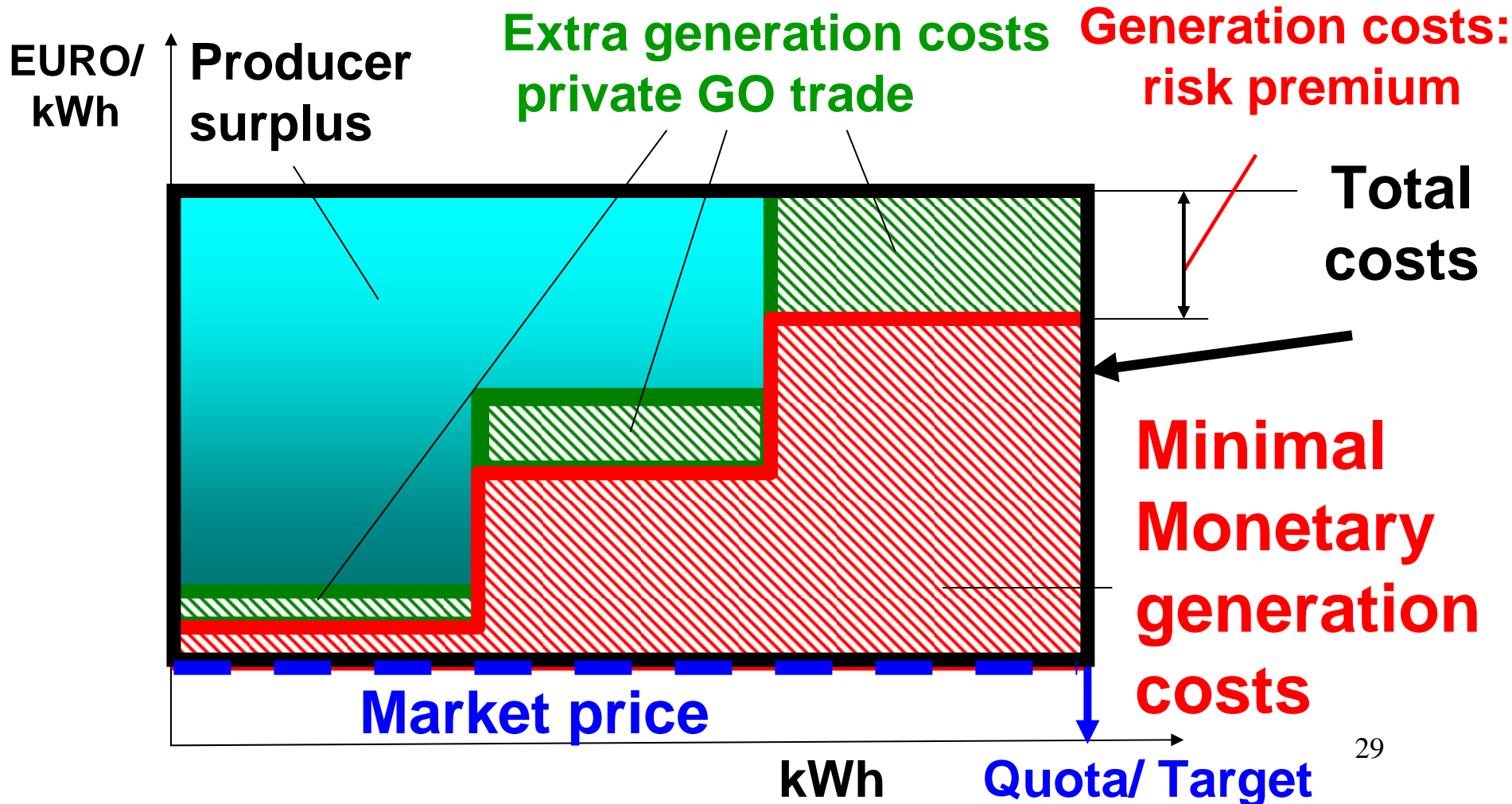
Producer surplus



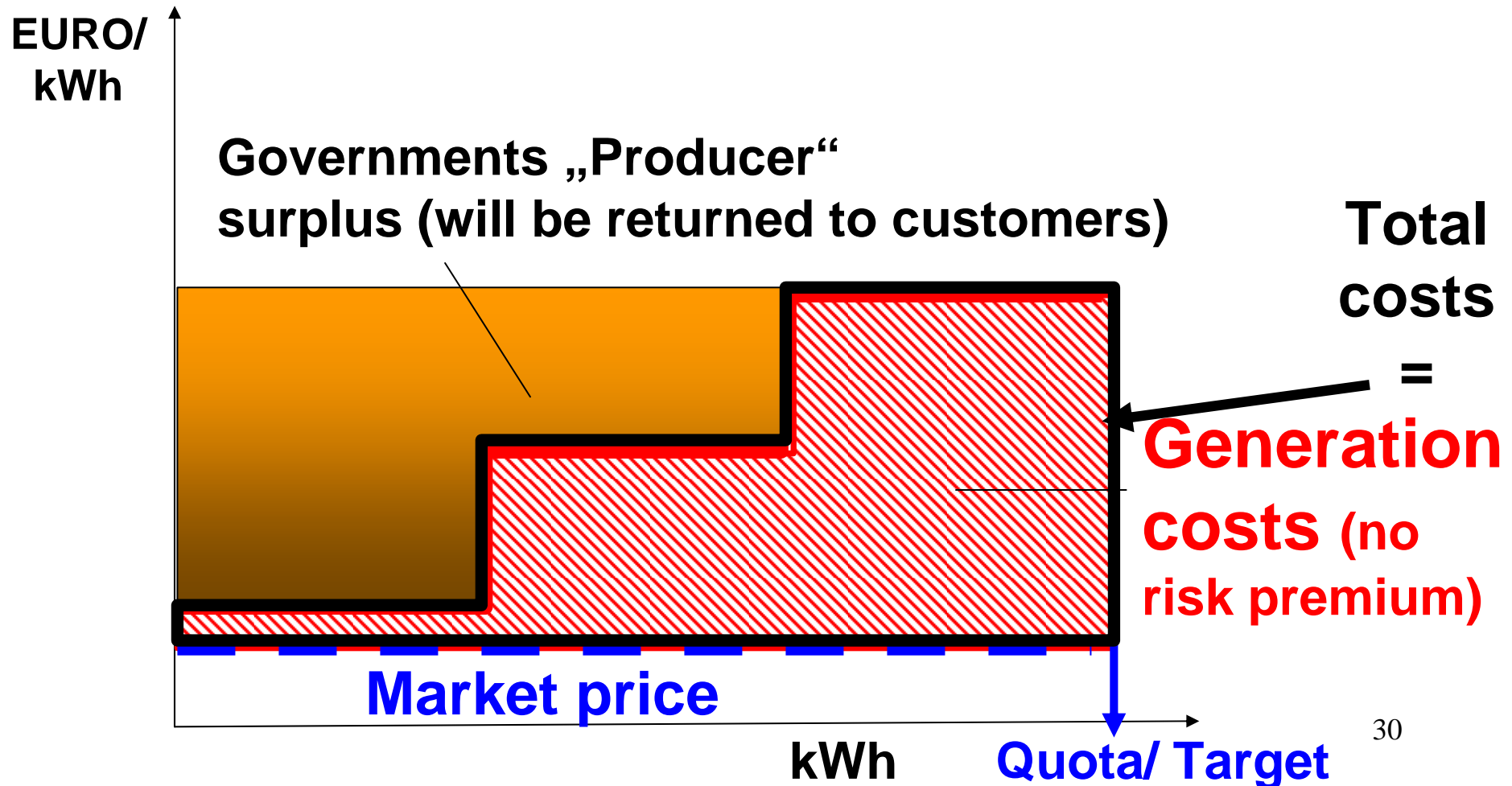
BETWEEN MEMBER STATES



Private GO trade



Government GO trade



WHY IS EFFICIENCY OF QUOTA-BASED TGC'S LOW?

1 Low credibility → risk premium!

**2 Planning horizon (validity
period of certificates) too low!**

**3 Few players dominate
the markets**

5 PROSPECTS & REQUIREMENTS FOR EFFECTIVE PROMOTION OF RES IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

ELECTRICITY CENTRAL:

- huge risk-related internat. Investments needed!
- opportunity for intern. revenues (royalty!)

ELECTRICITY DE-CENTRAL:

- Remove existing tax barriers!
- Intern. Financing support for investments required

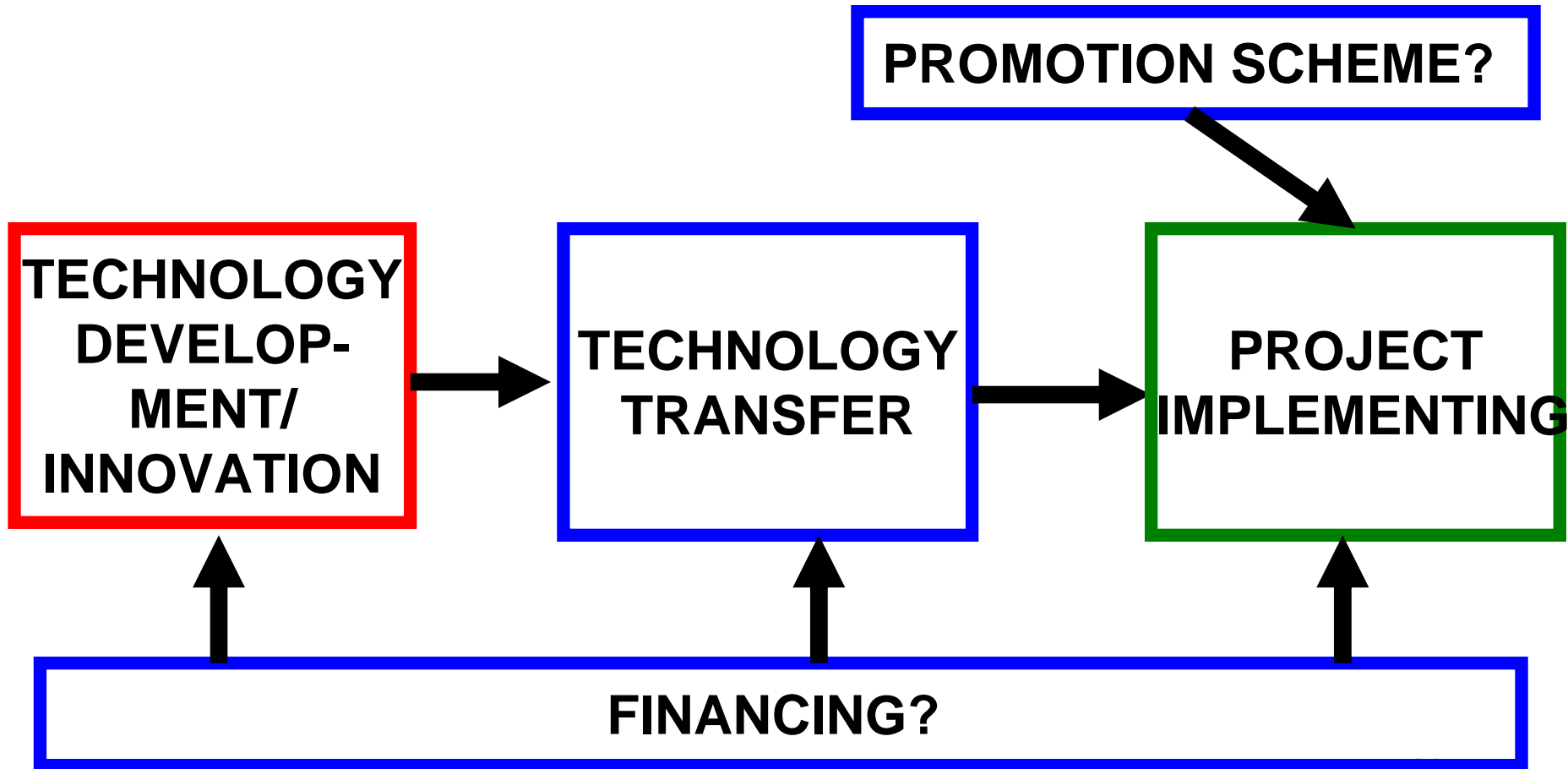
BIOFUELS:

- opportunity for creating Bottom-Up economy
- technology transfer for growing feedstock

HEATING:

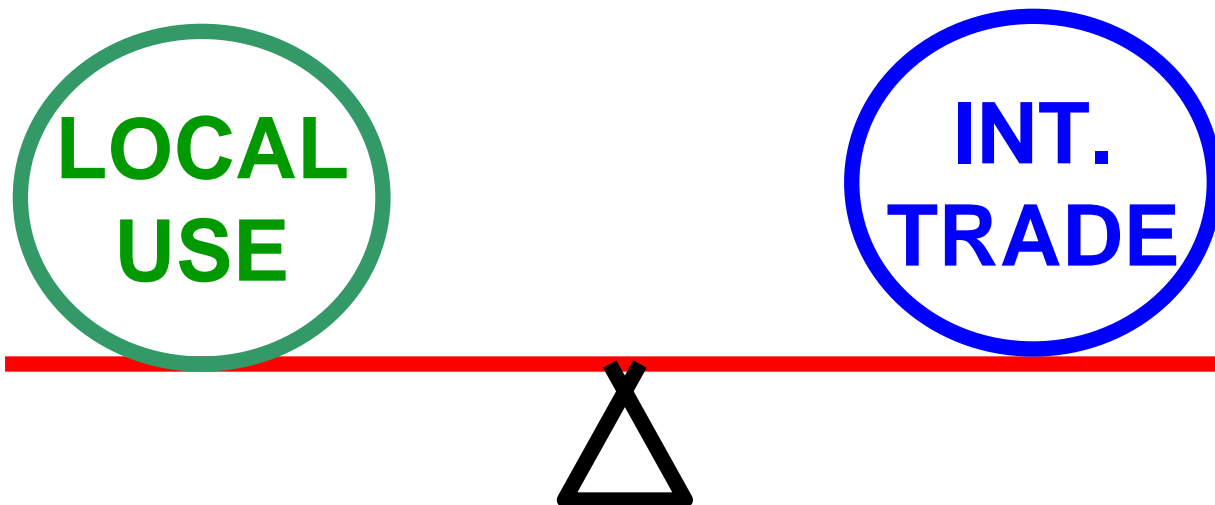
- Joint technology development
- Intern. Financing progr. for investments

STRATEGY /DEVELOPMENT



ELECTRICITY AND BIOFUELS:

BALANCE BETWEEN :



**LOCAL USE: CHEAPER AND MORE
EFFICIENT (NO TRANSPORT LOSSES)**

- FIT (with a dynamics towards market-oriented premium systems) will work in emerging countries
- Trading systems might work for flat cost curves (within the system borders) and low risk investment;
- Major focus on technology transfer (e.g. Feedstock) and technology development cooperation (“solar cooker”)
- Clarify recipient of major benefit! Dev. Country or Industr. country?

INTERESTED IN FURTHER INFORMATION?

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